



EOT CRANE GIRDER STRUCTURAL CALCULATION NOTE

IS:807-2006 | Bridge Girder & End Carriage Design

Project	30/8 ton
Design	30/8 ton DG EOT CRANE
Client	Crane Genie Sample Report
Location	Hyderabad
Document No.	CG-00001
Date	01 Aug 2026
Revision	R0

A. DESIGN INPUTS

Parameter	Value	Unit	Remark
CRANE PARAMETERS			
Main Hook Capacity (SL)	30	T	Gross rated capacity
Auxiliary Hook Capacity (AUX)	8	T	
Span of Crane (L)	18	m	C/C of LT rails
Appliance Group	M6	---	IS:807 Table 9
Steel Grade	Fe490	---	$f_y = 315 \text{ MPa}$, $f_u = 490 \text{ MPa}$
CT Rail Size	65x50	---	H = 142.88 mm, 45 kg/m
LT Rail Size	75x50	---	
CT Rail Placement	Centre	---	
TROLLEY DATA			
Trolley Self-Weight (STRLY)	12	T	Including hoist machinery
Wheel Base — Leading Side (X1)	180	cm	1800 mm
Wheel Base — Trailing Side (X2)	180	cm	1800 mm
CT Wheel Base $a = X1 + X2$	360	cm	3.6 m
CT Rail Gauge — Near Rail (Y1)	150	cm	1500 mm
CT Rail Gauge — Far Rail (Y2)	150	cm	1500 mm
Trolley Gauge $l = Y1 + Y2$	300	cm	3 m
Min. Hook Approach (ha)	140	cm	
END CARRIAGE & TRAVEL			

Parameter	Value	Unit	Remark
CT Travel Speed (Vc)	20	m/min	
LT Travel Speed (Vt)	50	m/min	
No. of LT Wheels	4	---	4-wheel (2 per EC)
Min. LT Wheel Dia	Auto	---	
Cabin Type	Closed Cabin (AC)	---	
DSL Cage	No	---	

SAMPLE
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

1. CT WHEEL LOAD DISTRIBUTION — BARRE'S METHOD

Figure 1.1 — Trolley wheel arrangement (plan view):

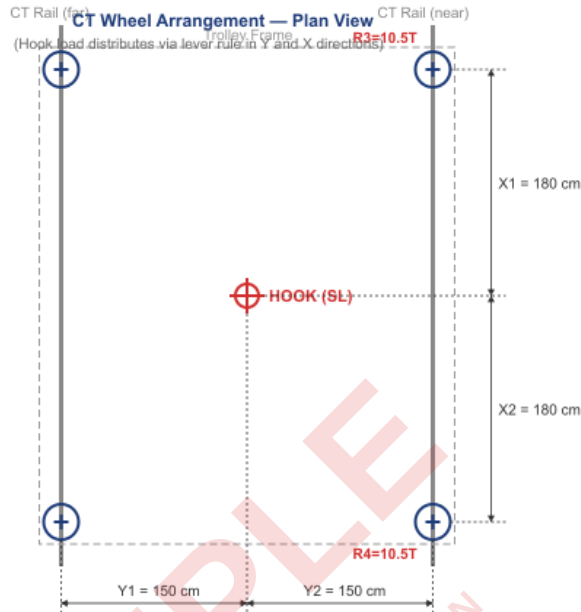
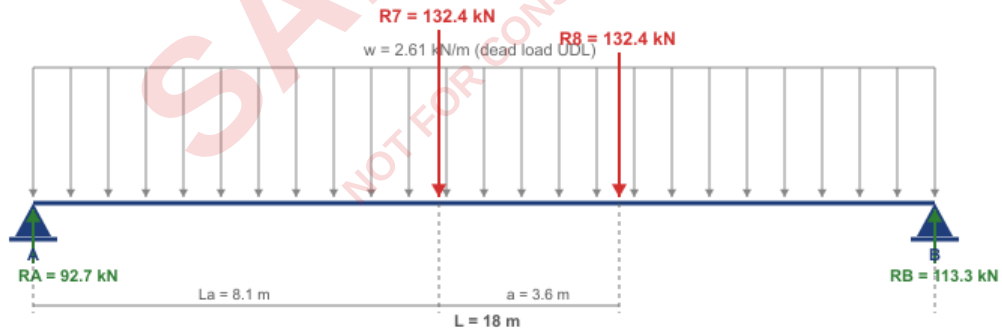


Figure 1.2 — Beam loading diagram:



1.1 Impact, Duty and Horizontal Factors

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
1.1.1	Vertical Impact Factor psi	Appliance group M6, INDOOR — IS:807 Table 12	psi = 1.4	Table 12
	Applies to crane hook load only (NOT to trolley self-weight)			
1.1.2	Duty Factor gamma	M6 — IS:807 Table 13	gamma = 1.1	Table 13
	Case I (Indoor, no wind) — gamma not applied to wheel loads in this case			
1.1.3	Inertia Factor beta (along girder)	$\beta = 0.01 \times \sqrt{Vt} = 0.01 \times \sqrt{50}$	beta = 0.07	Cl.6.1.3.1

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
1.1.4	Side Force Constant λ (perpendicular to girder)	$l/a = 3 / 3.6 = 0.83 \rightarrow$ IS:807 Fig.5	$\lambda = 0.05$	Fig.5

1.2 Hook Load Distribution to CT Rails — Y Direction (Gauge)

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	Lever-rule: hook is Y2 = 150 cm from near rail (drive side), Y1 = 150 cm from far rail (idle side)			
1.2.1	Hook load on near CT rail (drive side, Y1)	$= SL \times Y1 / (Y1 + Y2) = 30 \times 150 / (150 + 150)$	15 T	
1.2.2	Hook load on far CT rail (idle side, Y2)	$= SL \times Y2 / (Y1 + Y2) = 30 \times 150 / (150 + 150)$	15 T	
1.2.3	Trolley weight per CT wheel (uniform)	$STRLY / (2 \text{ rails} \times 2 \text{ wheels}) = 12 / 4$	3 T = 29.43 kN	

1.3 Wheel Load Distribution — X Direction (Wheel Base) → R3, R4

Drive side (near rail) governs design. Idle-side loads (R1, R2) are lower and do not govern.

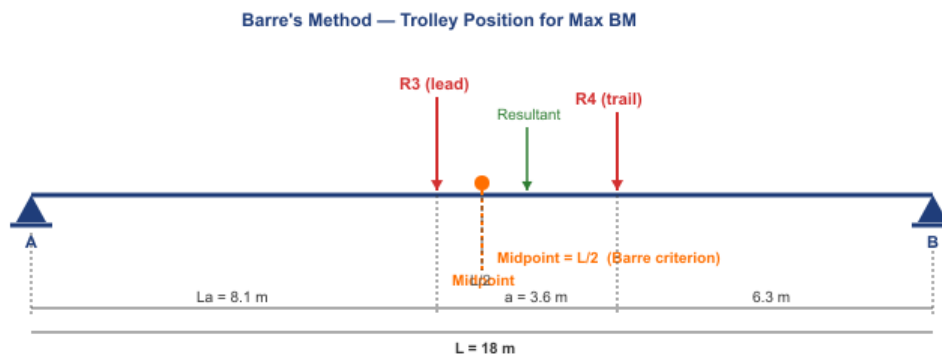
No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
1.3.1	Leading wheel load R3 (without impact)	$R3 = SL \times Y1 / (Y1 + Y2) \times X2 / (X1 + X2) + STRLY / 4$		
	$= 15 \times 0.5 + 3$	$R3 = 10.5 \text{ T} = 103.01 \text{ kN}$		
1.3.2	Trailing wheel load R4 (without impact)	$R4 = SL \times Y1 / (Y1 + Y2) \times X1 / (X1 + X2) + STRLY / 4$	$R4 = 10.5 \text{ T} = 103.01 \text{ kN}$	
1.3.3	Check: $R3 + R4 =$ total load on near CT rail	$= 10.5 + 10.5 = 21 \text{ T}$	Expected: 21 T OK	

1.4 Design Wheel Loads with Impact → R7, R8

Impact $\psi = 1.4$ applied to hook load only; trolley component unchanged.

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
1.4.1	Leading design load R7 (hook x ψ + trolley)	$= 7.5 \times 1.4 + 3$	$R7 = 13.5 \text{ T} = 132.44 \text{ kN}$	Cl.6.1.1
1.4.2	Trailing design load R8 (hook x ψ + trolley)	$= 7.5 \times 1.4 + 3$	$R8 = 13.5 \text{ T} = 132.44 \text{ kN}$	Cl.6.1.1

Figure 1.3 — Barré positioning for max BM:



1.5 Barré's Method — Trolley Position for Maximum BM

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	Criterion: midpoint of {leading wheel position, resultant position} lies at midspan			
1.5.1	Resultant position from leading wheel (R4 acts at distance a)	$= R4 \times a / (R3+R4) = 10.5 \times 360 / 21$	180 cm	
1.5.2	Leading wheel position from End A (La)	$La = L/2 - \text{resultant_dist}/2 = 900 - 90$	La = 810 cm = 8.1 m	
1.5.3	Trailing wheel position from End A (Lb)	$Lb = La + a = 810 + 360$	Lb = 1170 cm = 11.7 m	
1.5.4	Verification: midpoint of {La, Resultant} = midspan?	$\text{Midpoint} = La + \text{resultant_dist}/2 = 810 + 90$	900 cm	
	Midspan = L/2 = 900 cm OK Barre criterion satisfied			

1.6 Support Reactions at Barré Position

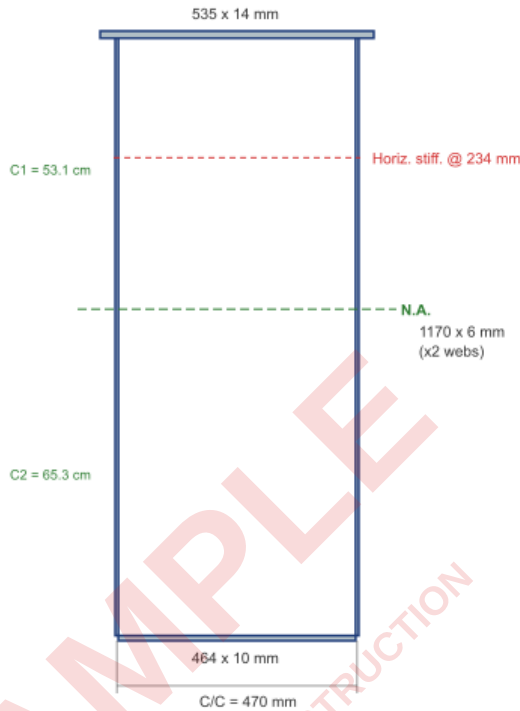
No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
1.6.1	Reaction at End A (RA)	$RA = R3(L-La)/L + R4(L-Lb)/L = 103.01 \times 9.9/18 + 103.01 \times 6.3/18$	RA = 92.7 kN	
1.6.2	Reaction at End B (RB)	$RB = R3 \times La/L + R4 \times Lb/L = 46.35 + 66.95$	RB = 113.31 kN	
1.6.3	Check: RA + RB = R3 + R4	$92.7 + 113.31 = 206.01 \text{ kN}$	R3+R4 = 206.01 kN OK	

1.7 Dead Load UDL w_DL

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
1.7.1	Girder self-weight	From section properties (see Section 2)	231.11 kg/m	
1.7.2	CT rail weight	1 rail per girder	45 kg/m	
1.7.3	LT platform + accessories	From crane layout specification	85 kg/m	
1.7.4	Total dead load UDL w_DL	= girder + rail + accessories	w_DL = 2.61 kN/m	
1.7.5	Allowable vertical deflection	$L/750 = 18000 / 750$	d_allow = 24 mm	Cl.20
1.7.6	Camber to be provided	Approx. dead load deflection or L/1000	Camber = 18 mm	

2. SECTION SELECTION & PROPORTION CHECKS

Figure 2.1 — Box girder cross-section:



2.1 Selected Bridge Girder Section

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	Dimension	Value		
2.1.1	Top flange plate	Width = 535 mm, Thickness c = 14 mm		
2.1.2	Web plates (x2)	Height h = 1170 mm, Thickness t = 6 mm		
2.1.3	Bottom flange plate	Width = 464 mm, Thickness = 10 mm		
2.1.4	C/C of web plates	470 mm		
2.1.5	Total section depth	1184 mm		

2.2 Section Properties

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
2.2.1	Cross-section area A	Computed from plate dimensions	A = 261.7 cm ²	
2.2.2	Self-weight of girder	= A x 0.785 + stiffener terms	231.11 kg/m	

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
2.2.3	Moment of Inertia I_{xx} (about horizontal axis)	Parallel-axis theorem for all plates	$I_{xx} = 567165.46 \text{ cm}^4$	
2.2.4	Distance to compression fibre C_1 (top)	$= I_{xx} / Z_{xx}(c) = 567165.46 / 10688.56$	$C_1 = 53.06 \text{ cm}$	
2.2.5	Distance to tension fibre C_2 (bottom)	$= I_{xx} / Z_{xx}(t) = 567165.46 / 8680.6$	$C_2 = 65.34 \text{ cm}$	
2.2.6	Section Modulus Z_{xx} (tension side — bottom fibre)	$Z_{xx}(t) = I_{xx} / C_2$	$Z_{xx}(t) = 8680.6 \text{ cm}^3$	
2.2.7	Section Modulus Z_{xx} (compression side — top fibre)	$Z_{xx}(c) = I_{xx} / C_1$	$Z_{xx}(c) = 10688.56 \text{ cm}^3$	
2.2.8	Radius of Gyration R_{yy} (about vertical axis)	Computed from top flange I_{yy} and full section area	$R_{yy} = 19.91 \text{ cm}$	

2.3 Proportions Check — Cl.25.1

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	$h = 1170 \text{ mm}$ (web height); $b = 464 \text{ mm}$ (min flange width); $L = 18000 \text{ mm}$			
2.3.1	Span / Depth ratio (should be < 25)	$L/h = 18000 / 1170 = 15.38$	PASS (61.5%)	Cl.25.1
2.3.2	Span / Width ratio (should be < 60)	$L/b = 18000 / 464 = 38.79$	PASS (64.7%)	Cl.25.1
2.3.3	Compression flange b/c (clear width between webs, should be < 60)	$b/c = (C/C - t_{web}) / c = (470 - 6) / 14 = 464 / 14$	PASS (55.2%)	Cl.25.1

2.4 Compressive Stress Reduction — Cl.25.3

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	Full $b/c = 33.14$; with 1 horizontal stiffener $\rightarrow$ effective $b/c = (b/2)/c$			
2.4.1	Effective b/c (Cl.25.3, should be < 38)	$= (b/2) / c = (464/2) / 14 = 232 / 14$	PASS (43.6%)	Cl.25.3

2.5 Web h/t Ratio — Cl.25.2

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	$C = 162$, $M = 376$ (1 longitudinal stiffener)			
2.5.1	Actual h/t ratio	$= h / t = 1170 / 6$	$h/t = 195$	Cl.25.2
2.5.2	Stress ratio $k = \sigma_t / \sigma_c$	$= 140.1 / 116.38$	$k = 1.2$	
2.5.3	Allowable h/t ratio (IS:807 Cl.25.2)	$= \min[C \times (k+1) \times \sqrt{1235 / 10.19 / \sigma_c}, M]$		
	$= \min[162 \times (1.2+1) \times \sqrt{1235 / 10.19 / 116.38}, 376]$			
	$= \min[357.02 \times 1.02, 376]$	$(h/t)_{allow} = 364.34$	Cl.25.2	

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
2.5.4	Check: $h/t_{\text{actual}} \leq (h/t)_{\text{allow}}$	$195 \leq 364.34$	PASS (53.5%)	Cl.25.2

2.6 Web Min Thickness — Cl.18.2

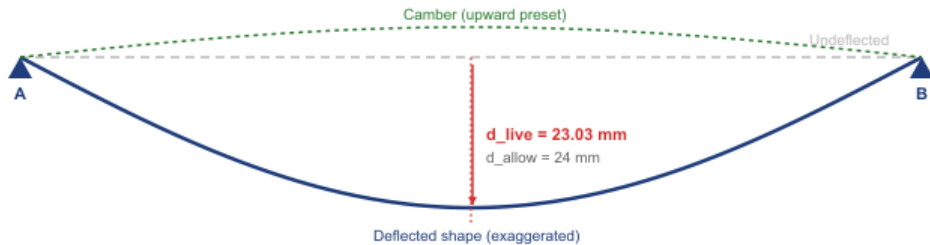
No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	Checks web can resist local bending from wheel load			
2.6.1	Design wheel load R7	$R7 = 13.5 T = 132.44 \text{ kN}$	$R7 = 13500 \text{ kg}$	
2.6.2	Allowable bearing stress σ_{brg}	$= 0.75 \times f_y = 0.75 \times 315$	$\sigma_{\text{brg}} = 236.3 \text{ MPa}$	Cl.18.2
2.6.3	Load distribution length H_{load}	$= 50 + (H_{\text{rail}} + c) \times 2 = 50 + (142.88 + 14) \times 2$	$H_{\text{load}} = 363.8 \text{ mm}$	Cl.18.2
2.6.4	Minimum web thickness t_{min}	$= R7 / (\sigma_{\text{brg}} \times 10.19 \times H_{\text{load}}/10) \times 10$		
	$= 13500 / (236.3 \times 10.19 \times 36.38) \times 10$	$t_{\text{min}} = 1.54 \text{ mm}$	Cl.18.2	
2.6.5	Check: $t_{\text{provided}} \geq t_{\text{min}}$	$6 \text{ mm} \geq 1.54 \text{ mm}$	PASS (389.2%)	Cl.18.2

2.7 Slenderness Ratio — Cl.12

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
2.7.1	Slenderness ratio L/R_{yy} (should be < 180)	$= L / R_{yy} = 1800 \text{ cm} / 19.91 \text{ cm}$	PASS (50.2%)	Cl.12

3. DEFLECTION CHECK — CI.20

Figure 3.1 — Deflected shape (exaggerated):



3.1 Dead Load Deflection (UDL)

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
3.1.1	Modulus of elasticity E	Structural steel (IS:2062)	E = 200 GPa = 200000 MPa	
3.1.2	Moment of Inertia I _{xx}	From Section 2	I _{xx} = 567165.46 cm ⁴ = 5671.65 x 10 ⁶ mm ⁴	
3.1.3	Dead load UDL w _{DL}	From Section 1.7	w _{DL} = 2.61 kN/m	
3.1.4	Dead load deflection d _{dead}	= $5 \times w \times L^4 / (384 \times E \times I)$		
	= $5 \times 2.61 \times 18^4 / (384 \times 200 \times 567165.46 \times 10^{-4})$			
	All units converted to kN, m: d = $5 \times 2.61 \times 324 / (384 \times 200000 \times 0.005672)$	d _{dead} = 3.15 mm		

3.2 Live Load Deflection (Concentrated Loads)

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
3.2.1	Leading wheel load R ₃ (design, with impact)	R ₃ = 103.01 kN at x = L _a = 8.1 m from End A		
3.2.2	Trailing wheel load R ₄ (design, with impact)	R ₄ = 103.01 kN at x = L _b = 11.7 m from End A		
3.2.3	Live load deflection d _{live} (engine result)	Computed by superposition of individual load deflections	d _{live} = 23.03 mm	CI.20

3.3 Total Deflection & Adequacy Check

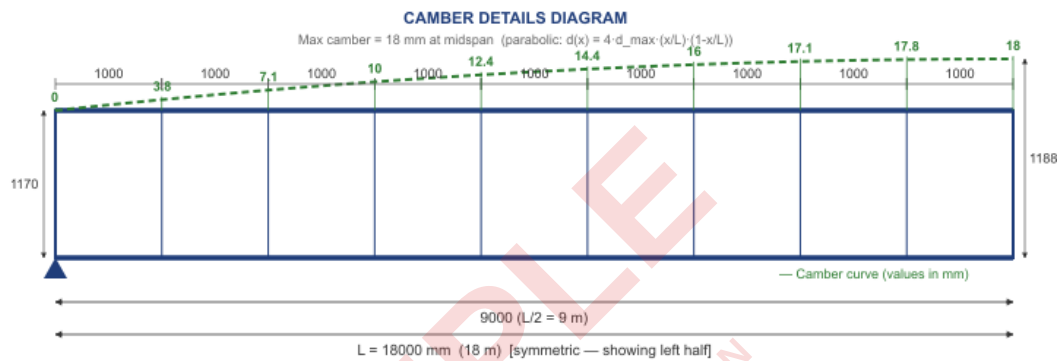
No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
3.3.1	Total deflection (dead + live)	= 3.05 + 23.03	d _{total} = 26.08 mm	

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
3.3.2	Allowable live deflection d_{allow}	$= L / 750 = 18000 / 750$	$d_{allow} = 24$ mm	Cl.20
3.3.3	CHECK: $d_{live} \leq d_{allow}$	23.03 mm $\leq$ 24 mm	PASS (96 % util.)	Cl.20
3.3.4	Camber to be provided	Compensates dead load sag; typically = dead deflection or $L/1000$	Camber = 18 mm (upward)	

3.4 Camber Details

Parabolic camber profile — values shown at equal intervals for left half (symmetric about midspan). Vertical stiffener spacing = 1090 mm.

Figure 3.2 — Camber details diagram:



No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	Position from support	Panel width	Camber (mm)	
3.4.1	$x = 0$ mm	—	0 mm	
3.4.2	$x = 1000$ mm	1000 mm	3.8 mm	
3.4.3	$x = 2000$ mm	1000 mm	7.1 mm	
3.4.4	$x = 3000$ mm	1000 mm	10 mm	
3.4.5	$x = 4000$ mm	1000 mm	12.4 mm	
3.4.6	$x = 5000$ mm	1000 mm	14.4 mm	
3.4.7	$x = 6000$ mm	1000 mm	16 mm	
3.4.8	$x = 7000$ mm	1000 mm	17.1 mm	
3.4.9	$x = 8000$ mm	1000 mm	17.8 mm	
3.4.10	$x = 9000$ mm	1000 mm	18 mm	

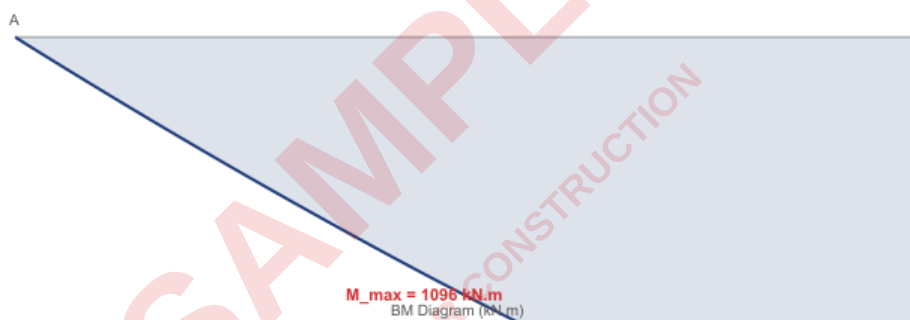
4. BENDING STRESS CHECK

4.1 Allowable Stresses — IS:807 Table 15/16

Fe490: $f_y = 315$ MPa, $f_u = 490$ MPa. $\sigma_{t,t} = \min(f_u/1.8, f_y/1.5)$. Compression reduced for LTB per IS:800 Table 6.2.

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	Stress Type	Derivation	Allowable	Reference
4.1.1	Bending tension $\sigma_{t,t,allow}$	$\min(f_u/1.8, f_y/1.5) = \min(490/1.8, 315/1.5)$	233.33 MPa	Table 15
4.1.2	Bending compression $\sigma_{c,t,allow}$	LTB-reduced: $I/R_{yy} = 90.4$, $D/T = 84.6$	121.2 MPa	Cl.25.3
4.1.3	Shear τ_{allow}	$\sigma_{t,t,allow} / \sqrt{3} = 233.33 / 1.732$	134.72 MPa	Table 15
4.1.4	Bearing σ_{brg}	$0.75 \times f_y = 0.75 \times 315$	236.3 MPa	Cl.18.2

Figure 4.1 — Bending Moment diagram:



4.2 Maximum Vertical Bending Moment

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
4.2.1	Maximum vertical BM M_v (from engine)	At Barré position ($x = L_a = 8.1$ m from End A)	$M_v = 1096$ kN.m	
4.2.2	Vertical bending stress at tension fibre $\sigma_{v(t)}$	$= M_v / Z_{xx(t)} = 1096 \times 100 / 8680.6 \times 10$	$\sigma_{v(t)} = 126.26$ MPa	
4.2.3	Vertical bending stress at compression fibre $\sigma_{v(c)}$	$= M_v / Z_{xx(c)} = 1096 \times 100 / 10688.56 \times 10$	$\sigma_{v(c)} = 102.54$ MPa	

4.3 Horizontal Bending Moment & Stress

Side forces per IS:807 Fig.5: $\lambda \times$ (wheel load). Horizontal BM computed at Barré position.

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
4.3.1	Horizontal force at leading wheel H_{lead}	$= \lambda \times R_7 = 0.05 \times 132.44$	$H_{lead} = 6.62$ kN	Fig.5
4.3.2	Horizontal force at trailing wheel H_{trail}	$= \lambda \times R_8 = 0.05 \times 132.44$	$H_{trail} = 6.62$ kN	Fig.5
4.3.3	Maximum horizontal BM M_h (from engine)	Computed at Barré position from horizontal load arrangement	$M_h = 53.51$ kN.m	

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
4.3.4	Section modulus Z_{yy} (whole section, parallel-axis)	$I_{yy} = 103730.1 \text{ cm}^4$; $Z_{yy} = I_{yy} / (B_{top}/2)$	$Z_{yy} = 3877.8 \text{ cm}^3$	
4.3.5	Horizontal bending stress σ_h	$= M_h / Z_{yy} = 53.51 \times 100 / 3877.8 \times 10$	$\sigma_h = 13.8 \text{ MPa}$	

4.4 Combined Bending Stress — Adequacy Check

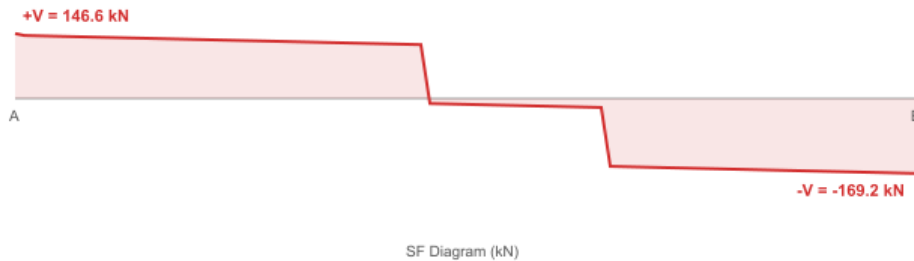
No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	Combined stress = vertical bending + horizontal bending			
4.4.1	Total tension stress σ_t (bottom fibre)	$= \sigma_v(t) + \sigma_h = 126.26 + 13.8$	$\sigma_t = 140.06 \text{ MPa}$	
4.4.2	CHECK: $\sigma_t \leq \sigma_{t,allow}$	$140.06 \text{ MPa} \leq 233.33 \text{ MPa}$	PASS (60 % util.)	
4.4.3	Total compression stress σ_c (top fibre)	$= \sigma_v(c) + \sigma_h = 102.54 + 13.8$	$\sigma_c = 116.34 \text{ MPa}$	
4.4.4	CHECK: $\sigma_c \leq \sigma_{c,allow}$	$116.34 \text{ MPa} \leq 121.2 \text{ MPa}$	PASS (96 % util.)	Cl.25.3

4.5 Combined Stress Check — IS:807 Cl.16.2

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	Combined stress check: $\sigma_e = \sqrt{\sigma^2 + 3\tau_{torsion}^2}$ — IS:807 Cl.16.2			
4.5.1	Max bending stress σ_{max}	$= \max(\sigma_t, \sigma_c) = \max(140.1, 116.38)$	$\sigma_{max} = 140.1 \text{ MPa}$	
4.5.2	Torsion shear stress τ	No torsion (rail at centre)	$\tau = 0 \text{ MPa}$	
4.5.3	Equivalent stress σ_e	$= \sqrt{140.1^2 + 3 \times 0^2}$	$\sigma_e = 140.1 \text{ MPa}$	
4.5.4	CHECK: $\sigma_e \leq \sigma_{allow}$	$140.1 \text{ MPa} \leq 233.33 \text{ MPa}$	PASS (60 % util.)	Cl.16.2

5. SHEAR STRESS & STIFFENER DESIGN

Figure 5.1 — Shear Force diagram:



5.1 Shear Force & Stress

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
5.1.1	Maximum shear force V_{max} (from engine)	Trolley positioned for maximum support reaction	$V_{max} = 271.68 \text{ kN}$	
5.1.2	Total web shear area A_{web}	$= 2 \times h \times t = 2 \times 1170 \times 6$	$A_{web} = 14040 \text{ mm}^2$	
5.1.3	Actual shear stress τ (VQ/Ib at neck)	At flange-web junction, end of girder	$\tau = 131.55 \text{ MPa}$	
5.1.4	CHECK: $\tau \leq \tau_{allow}$	$131.55 \text{ MPa} \leq 134.72 \text{ MPa}$	PASS (97.6 % util.)	Table 15

Figure 5.2 — Neck (end) section for shear check:

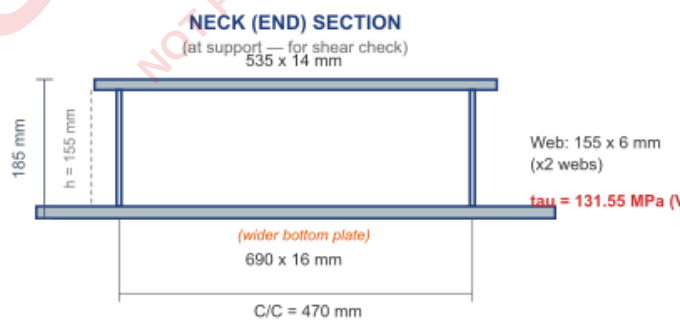
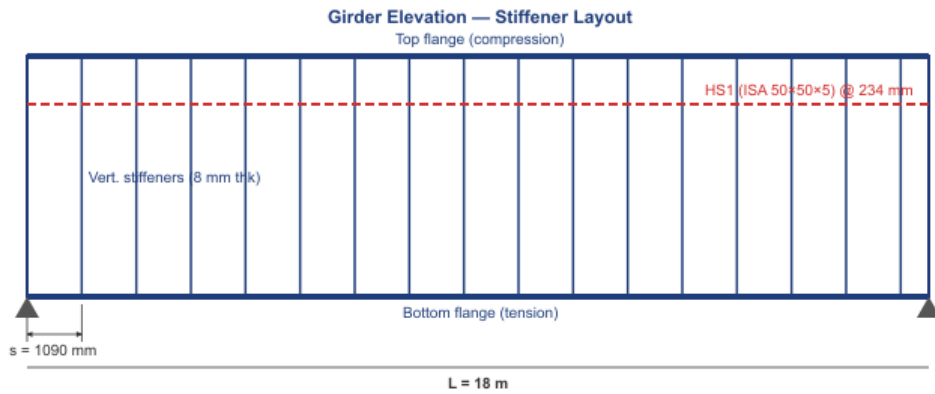


Figure 5.3 — Girder stiffener layout:



5.2 Vertical Web Stiffeners — Cl.21

Spacing = min(shear-based, absolute max, CT rail-based).

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
5.2.1	Shear-based max spacing	$= 800 \times t / \sqrt{\tau_{avg}} = 800 \times 6 / \sqrt{19.35}$	s_shear = 1091.17 mm	Cl.21
5.2.2	Absolute max spacing	$= \max(1750, h) = \max(1750, 1170)$	s_abs = 1750 mm	Cl.21
5.2.3	CT rail-based spacing	Based on rail section modulus and wheel load	s_ct = 1090 mm	Cl.22
5.2.4	Chosen spacing = min(s_shear, s_abs, s_ct)	$= \min(1091.2, 1750, 1090)$	Spacing = 1090 mm	Cl.21
5.2.5	Stiffener thickness	Provided: 8 mm $\geq$ Min: 4.64 mm	PASS	Cl.22

5.3 Horizontal Stiffener — Cl.25.2.4

Positioned at $\sim 0.2h$ from compression flange to increase allowable h/t ratio.

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
5.3.1	Horizontal stiffener section	ISA 50x50x5 at 234 mm from top (20% of h)		Cl.25.2.4
5.3.2	CHECK: $I_{actual} \geq I_{min}$	$208333 \text{ mm}^4 \geq 144389 \text{ mm}^4$	PASS (144% of required)	Cl.25.2.4

6. END CARRIAGE DESIGN

Figure 6.1 — End carriage beam model:

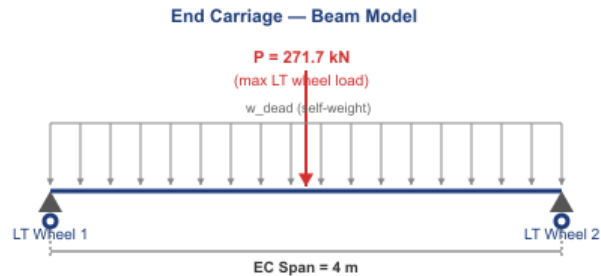
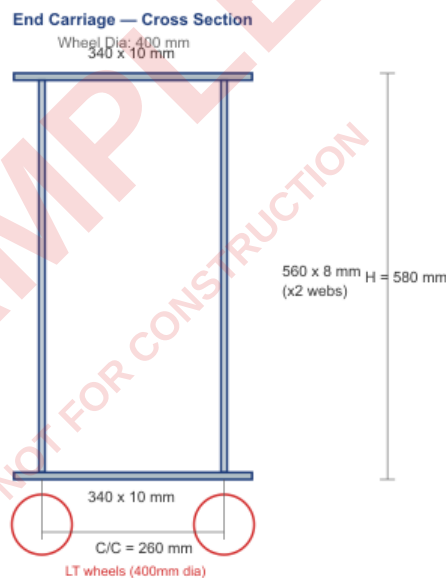


Figure 6.2 — EC box girder cross-section:



6.1 Crane Weight Breakdown

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	Section A — Structural Weight of Crane (without Trolley)	Weight (kg)		
6.1.1	Weight of Girders	Incl. CT rail × 2 girders + bearing plates	9450 kg	
6.1.2	Weight of End Carriages	× 2 end carriages + bearing plates	1550 kg	
6.1.3	LT Drive Platform	Lookup by crane capacity	500 kg	
6.1.4	Drive Side Platform	85 × (Span – 3.2) kg	1258 kg	
6.1.5	Idle Side Platform	85 × 4 m = 340 kg	340 kg	
6.1.6	CT Current Collection Beam	35 × Span	630 kg	

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
6.1.7	Cabin	Closed cabin (AC)	1200 kg	
6.1.9	Pendant Beam	$25 \times \text{Span}$	450 kg	
6.1.10	Subtotal		15378 kg	
6.1.11	Miscellaneous (2.5%)	2.5% of structural subtotal	384 kg	
6.1.12	STRUCTURAL TOTAL	CEIL to 50 kg	15800 kg	

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	Section B — Total Weight of Crane	Weight (kg)		
6.1.13	Structural Total (from above)		15800 kg	
6.1.14	LT Wheel Assembly	Lookup by wheel dia (400 mm)	840 kg	
6.1.15	LT Drive Assembly	Motors, gearboxes, brakes	840 kg	
6.1.16	Crab / Trolley	Trolley weight from input	12000 kg	
6.1.17	Electrical Panels + Fittings	Lookup by crane capacity	1250 kg	
6.1.18	Miscellaneous (2.5% of non-structural)	2.5% of non-structural items	373 kg	
6.1.19	TOTAL CRANE WEIGHT	CEIL to 50 kg	31150 kg	

6.2 LT Wheel Load per Wheel

MAX = trolley at drive end; MIN = trolley at idle end. Only trolley+load component differs.

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	Per-Wheel Load — Max (trolley at drive end)	kN	kg	
6.2.1	Due to Girders	Girder wt / 4 wheels	23.18 kN	2363 kg
6.2.2	Due to End Carriages + Wheel Assembly	(EC wt + wheel assy) / 4 wheels	5.86 kN	598 kg
6.2.3	Due to Trolley & Load	$(\text{Cap} + \text{Aux}) \times 500 \times (\text{Span} - \text{HookAppr}) / \text{Span}$	171.89 kN	17522 kg
6.2.4	Due to LT Drive Machinery	LT drive assembly / 2	4.12 kN	420 kg
6.2.5	Due to Cabin	$\text{Cabin} (1200 \text{ kg}) \times (\text{Span} - 1.4) / \text{Span} / 2$	5.43 kN	553 kg
6.2.6	Due to Drive Side Platform	Drive platform / 2	6.17 kN	629 kg
6.2.8	Due to Pendant Beam	Pendant beam / 2	2.21 kN	225 kg
6.2.9	Due to Electrical Panels	Electrical panels / 2	6.13 kN	625 kg
6.2.10	Due to Miscellaneous	2.5% allowance / N wheels	1.86 kN	189 kg
6.2.11	MAX WHEEL LOAD (per wheel)	CEIL to 100 kg → kN	227.59 kN	23124 kg

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	Wheel Load Summary			
6.2.12	MIN WHEEL LOAD (trolley at idle end)	Dead loads same; trolley component reduced	69.65 kN (7080 kg)	

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
6.2.13	MEAN WHEEL LOAD	$(2 \times \text{Max} + \text{Min}) / 3$	175.11 kN (17833 kg)	
6.2.14	LT Wheel Diameter / Rail / Count	400 mm / 75x50 / 4 wheels		

6.3 Selected End Carriage Section

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	End Carriage Section Geometry			
6.3.1	EC span (bogie wheelbase)	Distance between LT wheel centres	4 m = 4000 mm	
6.3.2	Top flange plate	Width x Thickness	340 x 10 mm	
6.3.3	Web plates (x2)	Height x Thickness	560 x 8 mm	
6.3.4	Bottom flange plate	Width x Thickness	340 x 10 mm	
6.3.5	C/C of web plates		260 mm	
6.3.6	Total depth	= web + top plate + bottom plate	580 mm	
6.3.7	Cross-section area		A = 157.6 cm ²	
6.3.8	Self-weight		137.01 kg/m	
6.3.9	Moment of Inertia I _{xx}	About horizontal (bending) axis	I _{xx} = 78654.1 cm ⁴	
6.3.10	Section Modulus Z _{xx}	For symmetric section, Z _{xx} (t) = Z _{xx} (c)	Z _{xx} = 2712.2 cm ³	

6.4 EC Loading

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
6.4.1	Dead load on EC	EC self-weight + platform + CT rail (span portion)	W _{dead} = 2794.6 kg = 27.42 kN	
6.4.2	Live load on EC (with impact)	Trolley + rated load at max end (with psi)	W _{live} = 24900 kg = 244.27 kN	
6.4.3	Live load on EC (without impact)	For deflection check (impact excluded)	W _{live_nolImpact} = 19366.7 kg	
6.4.4	Total point load at EC midspan P	Max girder reaction (dead + live with impact)	P = 271.68 kN	

6.5 EC Bending Stress Check

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
6.5.1	Max BM on EC (midspan)	$= P \times L / 4 = 271.68 \times 4 / 4$	M _{ec} = 271.68 kN.m	
6.5.2	Actual bending stress (from engine)	$= M / Z_{xx}$ (includes dead load UDL component)	sigma _{ec} = 120.84 MPa	
6.5.3	Allowable tension stress	$= \min(f_u/1.8, f_y/1.5)$	sigma _{t,allow} = 233.33 MPa	Table 15
6.5.4	CHECK: sigma _{ec} <= sigma _{t,allow} (tension)	120.84 <= 233.33	PASS (51.8% util.)	

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
6.5.5	Allowable compression stress (LTB-reduced)	IS:800 Table 6.2 for EC dimensions	$\sigma_{c,allow} = 121.2 \text{ MPa}$	Cl.25.3
6.5.6	CHECK: $\sigma_{ec} \leq \sigma_{c,allow}$ (compression)	$120.84 \leq 121.2$	PASS (99.7% util.)	

6.6 EC Deflection Check

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
6.6.1	Actual EC deflection (live load, from engine)	Computed using beam deflection formula	$d_{ec} = 1.59 \text{ mm}$	
6.6.2	Allowable EC deflection	$= EC_span / 600 = 4000 / 600$	$d_{allow} = 6.7 \text{ mm}$	Cl.20
6.6.3	CHECK: $d_{ec} \leq d_{allow}$	$1.59 \text{ mm} \leq 6.7 \text{ mm}$	PASS (23.7% util.)	Cl.20

6.7 EC Shear Stress Check (VQ/Ib)

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
6.7.1	Actual EC shear stress (VQ/Ib)	$\tau = V \times Q / (I \times b)$ at flange-web junction	$\tau = 10.67 \text{ MPa}$	
6.7.2	Allowable shear stress	$= \sigma_t / \sqrt{3} = 233.33 / \sqrt{3}$	$\tau_{allow} = 134.72 \text{ MPa}$	Cl.8.4
6.7.3	CHECK: $\tau \leq \tau_{allow}$	$10.67 \leq 134.72$	PASS (7.9% util.)	Cl.8.4

6.8 EC Stiffener Spacing & Web Min Thickness

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
6.8.1	Stiffener spacing	$= 1.0 \times \text{web height}$	$a = 560 \text{ mm}$	Cl.22
6.8.2	Web min thickness (panel proportion)	$= \min(a, h_w) / 180 = 560 / 180$	$t_{min} = 3.11 \text{ mm}$	Cl.25.2
6.8.3	CHECK: $t_{web} \geq t_{min}$	$8 \geq 3.11$	PASS (actual / min = 257.2%)	Cl.25.2

6.9 EC Design — All 10 IS:807 Checks

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	EC Check	Actual	Allowable	Status
6.9.1	EC Flange Proportion — Span/Depth	7.14	25	PASS (28.6%)
6.9.2	EC Flange Proportion — Span/Width	15.87	60	PASS (26.5%)
6.9.3	EC Flange b/c Ratio	25.2	38	PASS (66.3%)
6.9.4	EC Slenderness Ratio L/Ryy	34.09	150	PASS (22.7%)
6.9.5	EC Web h/t Ratio	70	116.75	PASS (60%)

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
6.9.6	EC Bending Stress — Tension	120.84	233.33	PASS (51.8%)
6.9.7	EC Bending Stress — Compression	120.84	121.2	PASS (99.7%)
6.9.8	EC Deflection	1.59	6.67	PASS (23.9%)
6.9.9	EC Shear Stress (VQ/Ib)	10.67	134.72	PASS (7.9%)
6.9.10	EC Web Min Thickness	8	3.11	PASS (257.1%)

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7. DESIGN SUMMARY

7.1 Main Girder — 14 IS:807 Checks

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	Check	Actual	Allowable	Status
7.1.1	Flange Proportion — Span/Depth	15.38	25	PASS (61.5%)
7.1.2	Flange Proportion — Span/Width	38.79	60	PASS (64.7%)
7.1.3	Flange b/c Ratio	33.14	60	PASS (55.2%)
7.1.4	Web Min Thickness	6 mm	2.84 mm	PASS (211.6%)
7.1.5	Slenderness Ratio L/Ryy	90.41	180	PASS (50.2%)
7.1.6	Deflection	23.03 mm	24 mm	PASS (96%)
7.1.7	Stiffener Bearing	8 mm	4.64 mm	PASS (172.3%)
7.1.8	Bending Stress — Tension	140.1 MPa	233.33 MPa	PASS (60%)
7.1.9	Bending Stress — Compression	116.38 MPa	121.2 MPa	PASS (96%)
7.1.10	Web h/t Ratio	195	364.34	PASS (53.5%)
7.1.11	Shear Stress	131.55 MPa	134.72 MPa	PASS (97.6%)
7.1.12	Stiffener Spacing	1090 mm	1090.97 mm	PASS (99.9%)
7.1.13	CT Rail Stiffener Spacing	1090.97 mm	1090 mm	PASS (100.1%)
7.1.14	Combined Stress (Von Mises)	140.1 MPa	233.33 MPa	PASS (60%)

7.2 End Carriage — 10 IS:807 Checks

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
	Check	Actual	Allowable	Status
7.2.1	EC Flange Proportion — Span/Depth	7.14	25	PASS (28.6%)
7.2.2	EC Flange Proportion — Span/Width	15.87	60	PASS (26.5%)
7.2.3	EC Flange b/c Ratio	25.2	38	PASS (66.3%)
7.2.4	EC Slenderness Ratio L/Ryy	34.09	150	PASS (22.7%)

No.	Description	Formula / Calculation	Result	IS:807
7.2.5	EC Web h/t Ratio	70	116.75	PASS (60%)
7.2.6	EC Bending Stress — Tension	120.84	233.33	PASS (51.8%)
7.2.7	EC Bending Stress — Compression	120.84	121.2	PASS (99.7%)
7.2.8	EC Deflection	1.59	6.67	PASS (23.9%)
7.2.9	EC Shear Stress (VQ/lb)	10.67	134.72	PASS (7.9%)
7.2.10	EC Web Min Thickness	8	3.11	PASS (257.1%)

--- End of Structural Calculation Note ---

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